

SCIM7B39

Isolated Process Current Output Modules

Description

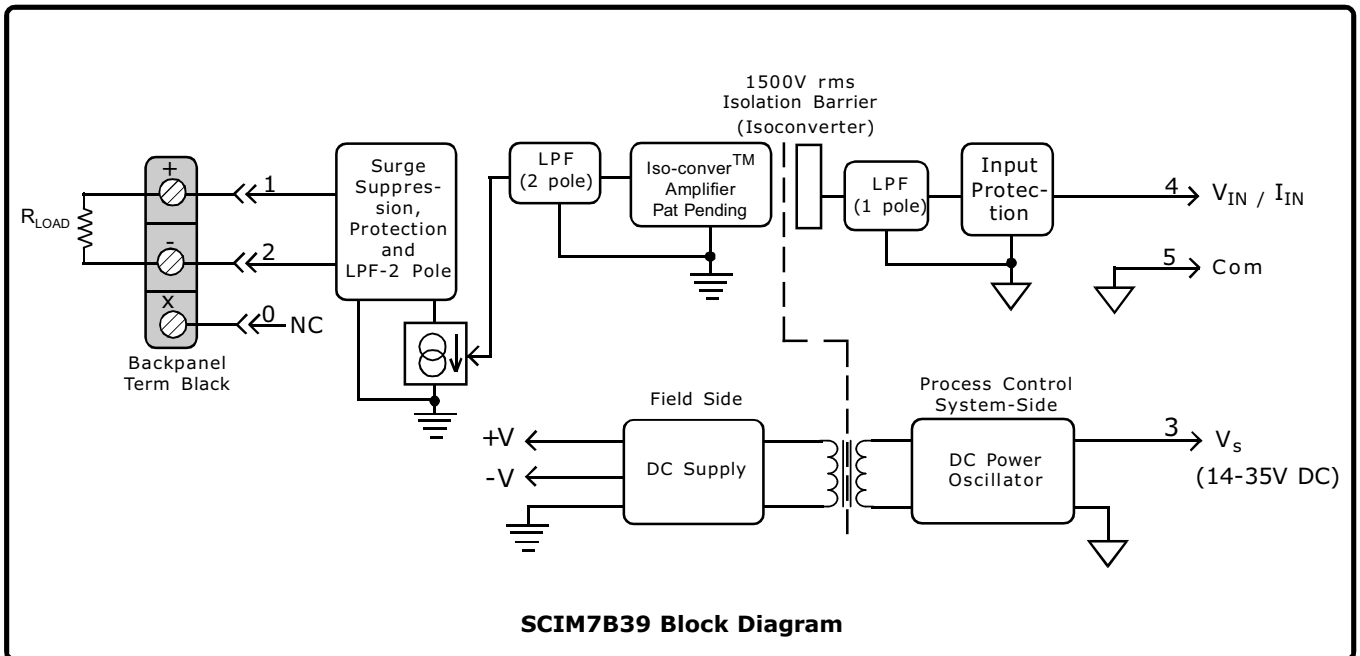
SCIM7B39 process current modules is a single channel analog input which if filtered, isolated, amplified, and converted to standard-level voltage output. A five pole filter is provided with signal filtering, this module provides either 0-20mA or 4-20mA current to the field

The input signal is chopped by a proprietary converter circuit. After initial filter stage isolation is provided by transformer coupling which eliminates common mode spikes and surges. The signal is then reconstructed and filtered for process control system output.

These modules accept a wide 14 - 35VDC power supply range (+24VDC nominal). The mechanical size (2.13"x1.705"x0.605" max.) save space and are ideal for high channel density applications. They are designed for easy DIN Rail mounting using any of the "DIN" backpanels.

Features

- Accepts High level Voltage Input
- Provides 4-20mA or 0-20mA Current Output
- 1.5KV Isolation
- Accuracy $\pm 0.03\%$ of span typical, $\pm 0.1\%$ max
- ANSI/IEEE C37.90.1 Transient Protection
- 120V rms Continuous Protected on Output
- Noise, 46u A P-P (5MHz), 4uA rms (100KHz)
- 110dB CMRR,
- 80dB per Decade of Attenuation above 100Hz
- CSA , FM , CE and ATEX Compliant
- CSA Certified, FM Approved,



Specifications Typical at $T_A=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and +5V Power supply

| Module | SCIM7B39-01,-02,-03 | SCIM7B39-04 |
|---|---|---|
| Input | | |
| Signal Range | 1 to +5V, 0 to +10V | 4 - 20mA |
| Bias Current | $\pm 1\text{ nA}$ | N/A |
| Resistance | | |
| Normal | 10M Ω | 270 Ω |
| Power off | 30K Ω min | >20K Ω |
| Overload | 30K Ω min | N/A |
| Protection | $\pm 35\text{V}$ peak (no damage) | $\pm 7.5\text{V}$ peak |
| Compliance | N/A | 35V DC max |
| Output | | |
| Signal Range ⁽¹⁾ | 4 to 20mA, 0 to 20mA | 4 to 20mA |
| Effective available power ⁽¹⁾ | 320mW | * |
| Protection | | |
| Continuous | 120Vrms max | * |
| Transient | ANSI/IEEE C37.90.1 | * |
| Current limit | 32 mA | * |
| CMV (Input-to-Output) | | |
| Continuous | 1500V rms | * |
| Transient | ANSI/IEEE C37.90.1 | * |
| CMRR (50 or 60Hz) | 110dB | * |
| Accuracy ⁽²⁾ | $\pm 0.03\%$ Span typical, $\pm 0.1\%$ Span max | * |
| Nonlinearity ⁽³⁾ | $\pm 0.01\%$ Span typical, $\pm 0.02\%$ Span max | * |
| Stability (-40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$) | | |
| Gain | $\pm 25\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $\pm 50\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Output Offset | $\pm 0.0035\%$ Span/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $\pm 0.0045\%$ Span/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Noise | | |
| Peak at 5MHz B/W | 46 μA | * |
| RMS at 10Hz to 100KHz B/W | 4 μA | * |
| Peak at 0.1Hz to 10Hz B/W | 42 nA | * |
| Open Output Loop Detection | N/A | Input Resistance |
| Response | | >20K Ω |
| Detection time | N/A | 5ms |
| Frequency and Time Response | | |
| Bandwidth, -3dB | 100Hz | * |
| NMR (-3dB at 100Hz) | 80dB/Decade above 100Hz | * |
| Step Response, 90% span | 5ms | * |
| Power supply voltage | 18 to 35V DC | * |
| Power supply Current ⁽¹⁾ | 56mA | * |
| Power supply Sensitivity | $\pm 0.0003\%/\%V_S$ | * |
| Mechanical Dimensions | 2.13"x1.705"x0.605"max | * |
| (H) (W) (D) | (54.1 x 43.3 x 15.4mm) max | * |
| Environmental | | |
| Operating Temp. Range | -40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | * |
| Storage Temp. Range | -40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | * |
| Relative Humidity | 0 to 95% Noncondensing | * |
| Emissions EN61000-6-4 | ISM, Group 1 | * |
| Radiated, Conducted | Class A | * |
| Immunity EN61000-6-2 | ISM, Group 1 | * |
| RF | Performance A $\pm 0.5\%$ Span Error | * |
| ESD,EFT,Surge, Voltage Dips | Performance B | * |

Ordering Information

| Model | Input Range | Output Range |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| SCIM7B39-01 | +1 to +5V | 4 - 20mA |
| SCIM7B39-02 | 0 to +10V | 0 - 20mA |
| SCIM7B39-03 | 0 to +10V | 4 to 20mA |
| SCIM7B39-04 | 4 to 20mA | 4 to 20mA |

Note:

* Same specifications as SCIM7B39-01, -02, -03.

(1). Output range and supply current specifications are based on minimum output load resistance.

Maximum output load resistance is calculated by P_e / I_{out}^2 where P_e is the output effective available power that guarantees output range, accuracy, and linearity specifications. Output effective available power is independent of supply voltage.

(2). Accuracy includes the effects of repeatability, hysteresis, and linearity.

(3). Non-linearity is calculated using the best-fit straight line method.